

Degree Program Student Learning Report

Revised November 2019

Department of Mathematics & Physical Sciences

AS in Physical Science

For 2023-2024 Academic Year

PART 1

Degree Program Mission and Student Learning Outcomes

A. State the school, department, and degree program missions.

University Mission	College Mission	Department Mission	Degree Program Mission
Our mission is to ensure students develop the skills and knowledge required to achieve professional and personal goals in dynamic local and global communities.	Central to the mission of the School is the preparation of students to achieve professional and personal goals in their respective disciplines and to enable their success in dynamic local and global communities. Our strategy is to foster an academic setting of diverse curricula that inherently incorporates an environment of service and collegiality.	The mission of the Department of Mathematics and Physical Sciences at Rogers State University is to support students in their pursuit of knowledge in mathematics and physical science.	The Associate of Science in Physical Science consists of general education curriculum and courses supporting other departmental programs. In support of the mission of the university, the school, and the department, the degree seeks to provide a solid general education component for all university students, provide curriculum in the physical sciences for students who are preparing for a baccalaureate-granting program, and provide programs of study to students presently in the work force, allowing them the opportunity to continue their education.

B. Align school purposes, department purposes, and program student learning outcomes with their appropriate University commitments.

University Commitments	College Purposes	Department Purposes	Student Learning Outcomes
To provide quality associate, baccalaureate, and graduate degree opportunities and educational experiences which foster student excellence in oral and written communications, scientific reasoning and critical and creative thinking.	The School offers innovative degrees, which focus upon developing skills in oral and written communication, critical thinking, creativity, empirical and evidenced-based inquiry, experimental investigation and theoretical explanation of natural phenomena, and innovative technology.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To increase the student's critical thinking and reasoning abilities. 2. To increase the student's understanding and appreciation of the physical world, and the ability to apply this understanding in his/her personal and professional life. 3. To increase the student's awareness of the benefits of incorporation of technology into Science and Math studies. 4. To increase the student's ability to interpret and understand his/her world mathematically. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Demonstrate competency of basic physical science principles and their applications. 2. Apply problem solving skills through critical thinking and scientific methods. 3. Explain and predict quantitative, analytical and graphical situations. 4. Demonstrate an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.
To promote an atmosphere of academic and intellectual freedom and respect for diverse expression in an environment of physical safety that is supportive of teaching and learning.	The School educates its majors to think independently and have the knowledge, skills and vision to work in all types of situations and careers and communicate with all types of people.		
To provide a general liberal arts education that supports specialized academic programs and prepares students for lifelong learning and service in a diverse society.	The School offers general education courses of high quality and purpose that provide a foundation for life-long learning.	5. To prepare a student to matriculate into a four-year degree program in math or science-related fields or graduate.	
To provide students with a diverse, innovative faculty dedicated to excellence in teaching, scholarly pursuits and continuous improvement of programs.	The School fosters a community of scholars among the faculty and students of the institution.		

University Commitments	College Purposes	Department Purposes	Student Learning Outcomes
To provide university-wide student services, activities and resources that complement academic programs.			
To support and strengthen student, faculty and administrative structures that promote shared governance of the institution.			
To promote and encourage student, faculty, staff and community interaction in a positive academic climate that creates opportunities for cultural, intellectual and personal enrichment for the University and the communities it serves.	The School will offer and promote artistic, scientific, cultural, and public affairs events on the campus and in the region.	6. To serve as a resource for the community, utilizing the expertise of the faculty.	

PART 2

Revisit Proposed Changes Made in Previous Assessment Cycle

Revisit each instructional/assessment change proposed in Part 5 of the degree program SLR for the preceding year. Indicate whether the proposed change was implemented and comment accordingly. Any changes the department implemented for this academic year, but which were not specifically proposed in the preceding report, should also be reported and discussed here. Please note if no changes were either proposed or implemented for this academic year.

Proposed Change	Implemented? (Y/N)	Comments
No new changes were planned, proposed, or implemented for this academic year.	N/A	N/A

PART 3

Response to University Assessment Committee Peer Review

The University Assessment Committee provides written feedback on departmental assessment plans through a regular peer review process.

This faculty-led oversight is integral to RSU's commitment to the continuous improvement of student learning and institutional effectiveness. UAC recommendations are not compulsory and departments may implement them at their discretion. Nevertheless, respond below to each UAC recommendations from last year's peer review report. Indicate whether the recommendation was implemented and comment accordingly. Please indicate either if the UAC had no recommendations or if the program was not subject to review in the previous cycle.

Peer Review Feedback	Implemented (Y/N)	Comment
The program was not subject to review in the previous cycle.		

PART 4

Evidence of Student Learning

Evidence and analyze student progress for each of the student learning outcomes (same as listed in Part I B above) for the degree program. See the *Appendix* for a detailed description of each component. Note: The table below is for the first program learning outcome. Copy the table and insert it below for each additional outcome. SLO numbers should be updated accordingly.

A. Student Learning Outcome					
SLO #1: Demonstrate a thorough knowledge and understanding of basic physical science principles and their applications.					
B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
1A. Direct Measure: American Chemical Society (ACS) academic assessment exam.	1A. At least 50% of majors who take the American Chemical Society (ACS) standardized exam will score in the 36 th percentile or higher.	1A. All Physical Science Major Students taking CHEM 1415, General Chemistry II.	1A. N/A (2023-24) 0 (2022-23) 0 (2021-22) 0 (2020-21) 0 (2019-20) 3 (2018-19) 2 (2017-18) 3 (2016-17) 5 (2015-16) 2 (2014-15) <u>1 (2013-14)</u> 16 Total	1A. No data were provided for 2023-24. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2022-23. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2021-22. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2020-21. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2019-20. 33% (1/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2018-19;	1A. N/A (2023-24) N/A (2022-23) N/A (2021-22) N/A (2020-21) N/A (2019-20) N (2018-19) Y (2017-18) Y (2016-17) Y (2015-16) Y (2014-15) Y (2013-14)

A.

Student Learning Outcome

SLO #1: Demonstrate a thorough knowledge and understanding of basic physical science principles and their applications.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
				50% (1/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2017-18; 67% (2/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2016-17; 60% (3/5) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2015-16; 50% (1/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2014-15; 100% (1/1) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2013-14; A 10-year "average" showed that 9/16 (56%, N = 16) majors met the assessment performance standard.	Y: Ten-year average
<p>1B. Direct Measure: Four hourly exams in MATH 1613, Trigonometry.</p>	<p>1B. At least 70% of majors will earn a grade of 70% or better on the four hourly exams in Math 1613, Trigonometry.</p>	<p>1B. All available Physical Science Major Students taking Math 1613.</p>	<p>1B. 7 (2023-24) On-ground (OG)-NA Blended (B)-N/A Online (O)- 7</p> <p>2 (2022-23) On-ground (OG)-2 Blended (B)-N/A Online (O)- N/A 7 (2021-22) On-ground (OG)-4 Blended (B)-N/A Online (O)-3 5 (2020-21) On-ground (OG)-5 Blended (B)-N/A Online (O)-N/A 22 (2019-20) On-ground (OG)-4 Blended (B)-N/A</p>	<p>1B. 5 of 7 (71%) [OG-N/A, B-N/A, and O-5/7] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2023-24.</p> <p>2 of 2 (100%) [OG-2/2, B-N/A, and O- N/A] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2022-23. 5 of 7 (71%) [OG-3/4, B-N/A, and O-2/3] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2021-22. 2 of 5 (40%) [OG-2/5, B-N/A, and O-N/A] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2020-21; 15 of 22 (68%) [OG-3/4, B-N/A, and O-12/18] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2019-20; 5 of 6 (83%) [OG-5/6 and B-N/A] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2018-19; 1 of 7 (14%) [OG-1/7 and B-N/A] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2017-18; 5 of 6</p>	<p>1B. Y (2023-24)</p> <p>Y (2022-23) Y (2021-22) N (2020-21) N (2019-20) Y (2018-19) N (2017-18) Y (2016-17) - (2015-16) N (2014-15) Y (2013-14) Y (2012-13) Y (2011-12)</p>

A.
Student Learning Outcome

SLO #1: Demonstrate a thorough knowledge and understanding of basic physical science principles and their applications.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
			Online (O)-18 6 (2018-19) On-ground (OG)-6 Blended (B)-N/A 7 (2017-18) On-ground (OG)-7 Blended (B)-N/A 6 (2016-17) On-ground (OG)-2 Blended (B)-4 - (2015-16) 6 (2014-15) 3 (2013-14) 6 (2012-13) 12 (2011-12)	(83%) [OG-2/2 and B-3/4] scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2016-17; No data were available during 2015-16; 4 of 6 (67%) scored 70% or better on the hourly exams in 2014-15; 3 of 3 (100%) in 2013-14; 6 of 6 (100%) in 2012-13; 10 of 12 (83%) in 2011-12.	
1C. Direct Measure: Four lecture exams in PHYS 2015, Engineering Physics I (if offered) and PHYS 1114, General Physics I. Note: Both are first semester introductory level physics courses with the same focus. PHYS 2015 is calculus based, intended for students majoring in physics, mathematics or engineering.	1C. At least 50% of the Majors will score 70% or greater on four lecture exams in PHYS 2015 and/or PHYS 1114.	1C. All Physical Science Major Students taking PHYS 2015 and/or PHYS 1114.	1C. 1 (2023-24) 1 (2022-23) 0 (2021-22) 1 (2020-21) 3 (2019-20) 5 (2018-19) 5 (2017-18) 3 (2016-17) 2 (2015-16) 2 (2014-15) 9 (2013-14) 15(2012-13) <u>4 (2011-12)</u> 51 Total	1C. NO MPS majors (0 out of 1) met the expected performance standard in 2023-24. 0% (0/1) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2022-23. There were no declared MPS majors enrolled in PHYS-1114 in 2021-22. 100% (1/1) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2020-21. 0% (0/3) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2019-20. 0% (0/5) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2018-19. 60% (3/5) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2017-18.	1C. N (2023-24) N (2022-23) N/A (2021-22) Y (2020-21) N (2019-20) N (2018-19) Y (2017-18) Y (2016-17) Y (2015-16) Y (2014-15) N (2013-14) N (2012-13)

A.
Student Learning Outcome

SLO #1: Demonstrate a thorough knowledge and understanding of basic physical science principles and their applications.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
				67% (2/3) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2016-17. 50% (1/2) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2015-16. 100% (2/2) MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2014-15. 22% (2/9) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2013-14. 47% (7/15) of MPS majors met the expected standard in 2012-13. 75% (3/4) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2011-12.	Y (2011-12)

H.
Conclusions

- 1A. No data were provided this year. However, this measure was met in eight out of ten years when data were available; a majority of majors (more than 50%) in CHEM 1415 were able to possess basic knowledge of chemistry, and have an understanding of its principles and their applications and thus met the standards. With small N (number of majoring students in CHEM 1415), annual fluctuations are to be expected. Keeping an average of the data reveals any on-going trends.
- 1B. The results were above or very close to the performance target in nine of the last twelve years where data were available, suggesting students (majors) understand the basic trigonometric concepts to the standards expected by the department.
- 1C. The yearly outcomes display the expected fluctuations, with the 70% threshold standard met six times in twelve years. There were no declared MPS majors in 2021-22 academic year. The data does not reveal any discernible consistent pattern or ongoing trend.

A.
Student Learning Outcome

SLO #2: Apply problem solving skills through critical thinking and the scientific methods.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
<p>2A. Direct Measure: Titration lab reports and Beers Law lab reports in CHEM 1415, General Chemistry II.</p>	<p>2A. At least 50% of majors will earn a grade of 70% or higher for lab reports.</p>	<p>2A. All Physical Science Major Students taking CHEM 1415, General Chemistry II.</p>	<p>2A. N/A (2023-24)</p> <p>0 (2022-23) 0 (2021-22) 0 (2020-21) 0 (2019-20) 5 (2018-19) 2 (2017-18) 3 (2016-17) 5 (2015-16) 2 (2014-15) 1 (2013-14) 3 (2012-13) 3 (2011-12) 5 (2010-11) <u>2 (2009-10)</u> 31 Total</p>	<p>2A. No data were provided for 2023-24.</p> <p>No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2022-23. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2021-22. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2020-21. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2019-20. 60% (3/5) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2018-19; 100% (2/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2017-18; 100% (3/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2016-17; 80% (4/5) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2015-16; 100% (2/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2014-15; 0% (0/1) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2013-14; 100% (3/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2012-13; 100% (3/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2011-12; 40% (2/5) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2010-11; 100% (2/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2009-10. A 10-year "average" showed that 24/31 (77%, N = 31) majors met the assessment performance standard.</p>	<p>2A. N/A (2023-24)</p> <p>N/A (2022-23) N/A (2021-22) N/A (2020-21) N/A (2019-20) Y (2018-19) Y (2017-18) Y (2016-17) Y (2015-16) Y (2014-15) N (2013-14) Y (2012-13) Y (2011-12) N (2010-11) Y (2010-09) Y: Ten-year average</p>

A.

Student Learning Outcome

SLO #2: Apply problem solving skills through critical thinking and the scientific methods.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
<p>2B. Direct Measure: Three assignments in MyMathLab in MATH 1613, Trigonometry. These topics were trigonometric functions, inverse trigonometric functions, and complex numbers.</p>	<p>2B. At least 70% of majors will earn a grade of 70% or better on the three assignments in MATH 1613.</p>	<p>2B. All available Physical Science Major Students taking MATH 1613, Trigonometry.</p>	<p>2B. 7 (2023-24) On-ground (OG)-NA Blended (B)-N/A Online (O)- 7</p> <p>2 (2022-23) On-ground (OG)-2 Blended (B)-N/A Online (O)- N/A</p> <p>7 (2021-22) On-ground (OG)-4 Blended (B)-N/A Online (O)-3</p> <p>5 (2020-21) On-Ground (OG)-5 Blended (B)- N/A Online (O)-N/A</p> <p>22 (2019-20) On-Ground (OG)-4 Blended (B)- N/A Online (O)-22</p> <p>6 (2018-19) On-Ground (OG)-6 Blended (B)- N/A</p> <p>7 (2017-18) On-Ground (OG)-7 Blended (B)- N/A</p>	<p>2B. In 2023-24, 5 of 7 (71%) [OG-N/A, B-N/A, and O-5/7] scored 70% or better on the homework assignment “trigonometric functions”; 5 of 7 (71%) [OG-N/A, B-N/A, O- 5/7] of the majors scored 70% or better on the homework assignment “inverse trigonometric functions”; 5 of 7 (71%) [OG-N/A, B-N/A, and O-5/7] of the majors scored 70% or better on the homework assignment “complex numbers”.</p> <p>Please note no data were available for 2015-16.</p>	<p>2B. Y (2023-24)</p> <p>N (2022-23) Y/N (2021-22) Y/N (2020-21) Y (2019-20) Y (2018-19) Y/N (2017-18) Y (2016-17) - (2015-16) Y (2014-15) Y (2013-14) Y (2012-13) Y (2011-12)</p>

A.

Student Learning Outcome

SLO #2: Apply problem solving skills through critical thinking and the scientific methods.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
			6 (2016-17) On-Ground (OG)-2 Blended (B)-4 - (2015-16) 6 (2014-15) 3 (2013-14) 6 (2012-13) 12 (2011-12)		
<p>2C. Direct Measure: Four lecture exams in PHYS 2015, Engineering Physics I (if offered) and PHYS 1114, General Physics I. Note: Both are first semester introductory level physics courses with the same focus. PHYS 2015 is calculus based, intended for students majoring in physics, mathematics or engineering.</p>	<p>2C. At least 50% of the Majors will score 70% or greater on four lecture exams.</p>	<p>2C. All Physical Science Major Students taking PHYS 2015 and PHYS 1114.</p>	<p>2C. 1 (2023-2024) 1 (2022-23) 0 (2021-22) 1 (2020-21) 3 (2019-20) 5 (2018-19) 5 (2017-18) 3 (2016-17) 2 (2015-16) 2 (2014-15) 9 (2013-14) 15 (2012-13) <u>4 (2011-12)</u> 51 Total</p>	<p>2C. No MPS majors (0 out of 1) met the expected performance standard in 2022-23. 0% (0/1) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2022-23. There were no declared MPS majors enrolled in PHYS-1114 in 2021-22. 100% (1/1) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2020-21. 0% (0/3) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2019-20. 0% (0/5) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2018-19. 60% (3/5) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2017-18. 67% (2/3) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2016-17. 50% (1/2) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2015-16.</p>	<p>2C. N (2023-24) N (2022-23) N/A (2021-22) Y (2020-21) N (2019-20) N (2018-19) Y (2017-18) Y (2016-17) Y (2015-16) Y (2014-15) N (2013-14) N (2012-13) Y (2011-12)</p>

A. Student Learning Outcome					
SLO #2: Apply problem solving skills through critical thinking and the scientific methods.					
B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
				100% (2/2) MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2014-15. 22% (2/9) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2013-14. 47% (7/15) of MPS majors met the expected standard in 2012-13. 75% (3/4) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2011-12.	
H. Conclusions					
<p>2A. No data were provided this year. However, this measure was met in nine of the past eleven years where data were available. With small N (number of majoring students in CHEM 1415), annual fluctuations are to be expected. Keeping an average of the data reveals any on-going trends.</p> <p>2B. Performance standards were met eleven out of last thirteen years (data were not available for one year). Majority of Math. and Physical Science (MPS) majoring students taking MATH 1613, Trigonometry, demonstrate required skills in problem solving (related to topics trigonometric functions, inverse trigonometric functions, and complex numbers) through critical thinking and by applying trigonometric concepts.</p> <p>2C. The yearly outcomes display the expected fluctuations, with the 70% threshold standard met six times in twelve years. There were no declared MPS majors in 2021-22 academic year. The data does not reveal any discernible consistent pattern or ongoing trend.</p>					

A. Student Learning Outcome					
SLO #3: Explain and predict quantitative, analytical and graphical situations.					
B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)

<p>3A. Direct measure: Ten unit-laboratory reports in PHYS 1114, General Physics and PHYS 2015, Engineering Physics I (if offered). Note: Both are first semester introductory level physics courses with the same focus. PHYS 2015 is calculus based, intended for students majoring in physics, mathematics or engineering.</p>	<p>3A. At least 70% of majors will average 70% or better on ten unit-laboratory reports in PHYS 1114 and PHYS 2015.</p>	<p>3A. All Physical Science Major Students taking PHYS 1114, General Physics and PHYS 2015, Engineering Physics I.</p>	<p>3A. 1 (2023-24)</p> <p>1 (2022-23) 0 (2021-22) 1 (2020-21) 3 (2019-20) 5 (2018-19) 5 (2017-18) 3 (2016-17) 2 (2015-16) 2 (2014-15) 9 (2013-14) 15(2012-13) <u>4 (2011 -12)</u> 51 Total</p>	<p>3A. 100% (1/1) – met the assessment performance standard in 2022-23.</p> <p>100% (1/1) – The MPS major met assessment performance standard in 2022-23. There were no declared MPS majors enrolled in PHYS-1114 in 2021-22. 100% (1/1) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2020-21. 100% (3/3) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2019-20. 80% (4/5) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2018-19. 80% (4/5) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2017-18. 100% (3/3) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2016-17. 100% (2/2) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2015-16. 100% (2/2) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2014-15. 100% (9/9) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2013-14. 87% (13/15) of MPS majors met expected performance standard in 2012-13. 100% (4/4) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2011-12.</p>	<p>3A. Y (2023-24)</p> <p>Y (2022-23) N/A (2021-22) Y (2020-21) Y (2019-20) Y (2018-19) Y (2017-18) Y (2016-17) Y (2015-16) Y (2014-15) Y (2013-14) Y (2012-13) Y (2011-12)</p>
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**H.
Conclusions**

3A. The anticipated standards were consistently met in 12 out of the past 13 years. (There were no MPS majors enrolled in the year 2021-22)

A.

Student Learning Outcome

SLO #4: Demonstrate an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
4A. Direct Measures Composite lab grade in CHEM 1415, General Chemistry II.	4A. At least 50% of majors will earn a lab grade of 70% or higher on laboratory reports in CHEM 1415, General Chemistry II.	4A. All Physical Science Major Students taking CHEM 1415, General Chemistry II.	4A. N/A (2023-24) 0 (2022-23) 0 (2021-22) 0 (2020-21) 0 (2019-20) 5 (2018-19) 2 (2017-18) 3 (2016-17) 5 (2015-16) 2 (2014-15) 1 (2013-14) 3 (2012-13) 3 (2011-12) 5 (2010-11) <u>2 (2009-10)</u> 31 Total	4A. No data were provided for 2023-24. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2022-23. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2021-22. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2020-21. No data. There were no declared majors enrolled in CHEM 1415 in 2019-20. 100% (5/5) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2018-19; 100% (2/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2017-18; 100% (3/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2016-17; 80% (4/5) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2015-16; 100% (2/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2014-15; 100% (1/1) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2013-14; 100% (3/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2012-13; 100% (3/3) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2011-12; 60% (3/5) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2010-11; 100% (2/2) of majors met the assessment performance standard in 2009-10. A 10-year "average" showed that 28/31 (90%, N = 31) majors met the assessment performance standard.	4A. N/A (2023-24) N/A (2022-23) N/A (2021-22) N/A (2020-21) N/A (2019-20) Y (2018-19) Y (2017-18) Y (2016-17) Y (2015-16) Y (2014-15) Y (2013-14) Y (2012-13) Y (2011-12) Y (2010-11) Y (2009-10) Y: Ten-year average

A.
Student Learning Outcome

SLO #4: Demonstrate an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.

B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
<p>4B. Direct measure: Ten unit-laboratory reports in PHYS 1114, General Physics and PHYS 2015, Engineering Physics I (if offered). Note: Both are first semester introductory level physics courses with the same focus. PHYS 2015 is calculus based, intended for students majoring in physics, mathematics or engineering.</p>	<p>4B. At least 70% of majors will average 70% or better on ten unit-laboratory reports in PHYS 1114 and PHYS 2015.</p>	<p>4B. All Physical Science Major Students taking PHYS 1114, General Physics and PHYS 2015, Engineering Physics I.</p>	<p>4B. 1 (2023-24)</p> <p>1 (2022-23) 0 (2021-22) 1 (2020-21) 3 (2019-20) 5 (2018-19) 5 (2017-18) 3 (2016-17) 2 (2015-16) 2 (2014-15) 9 (2013-14) 15 (2012-13) <u>4 (2011 -12)</u> 51 Total</p>	<p>4B. 100% (1/1) – The MPS major met the assessment performance standard in 2023-24.</p> <p>100% (1/1) – The MPS major met the assessment performance standard in 2022-23.</p> <p>There were no declared MPS majors enrolled in PHYS-1114 in 2021-22.</p> <p>100% (1/1) of MPS majors met the expected performance standard in 2020-21.</p> <p>100% (3/3) of MPS majors met the assessment performance standard in 2019-20.</p> <p>80% (4/5) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2018-19.</p> <p>80% (4/5) of MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2017-18.</p> <p>100% (3/3) MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2016-17.</p> <p>100% (2/2) MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2015-16.</p> <p>100% (2/2) MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2014-15.</p> <p>100% (9/9) MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2013-14.</p> <p>87% (13/15) MPS majors met expected performance standard in 2012-13.</p> <p>100% (4/4) MPS majors met assessment performance standard in 2011-12.</p>	<p>4B. Y (2023-24)</p> <p>Y (2022-23) N/A (2021-22) Y (2020-21) Y (2019-20) Y (2018-19) Y (2017-18) Y (2016-17) Y (2015-16) Y (2014-15) Y (2013-14) Y (2012-13) Y (2011-12)</p>

A. Student Learning Outcome					
SLO #4: Demonstrate an ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.					
B. Assessment Measure	C. Performance Standard	D. Sampling Method	E. Sample Size (n)	F. Results	G. Standard Met (Y/N)
H. Conclusions					
4A. No data were provided this year. Standards were met for the last ten academic years continuously where data were available. A majority of majors in CHEM 1415 were able to design and conduct experiments, and successfully analyze and interpret the data gathered from those. With small N (number of MPS majoring students in CHEM 1415), annual fluctuations are to be expected. Keeping a moving average of the data reveals any on-going trends.					
4B. MPS majors in PHYS 1114 & PHYS 2015 were able to conduct experiments and apply mathematical/graphical methods to analyze and interpret the data. The expected standards were met 12 times consistently in the past 13 years. (There were no declared majors enrolled in 2021-22)					

PART 5

Proposed Instructional or Assessment Changes

Learning outcomes assessment can generate actionable evidence of student performance that can be used to improve student success and institutional effectiveness. Knowledge of student strengths and weakness gained through assessment can inform faculty efforts to improve course instruction and program curriculum. Below discuss potential changes the department is considering which are aimed at improving student learning or the assessment process. Indicate which student learning outcome(s) will be affected and provide a rationale for each proposed change. These proposals will be revisited in next assessment cycle.

Proposed Change	Applicable Learning Outcomes	Rationale and Impact
No new changes are planned to implement for the next academic year.		

PART 6

Summary of Assessment Measures

A. How many different assessment measures were used?

Seven different assessment measures were used.

B. List the direct measures (see appendix):

Seven direct measures:


- CHEM 1415: ACS Exam Results in Chemistry 11
- CHEM 1415: Titration and Beers Law lab report scores in Chemistry II
- CHEM 1415: Composite lab grades in Chemistry II
- MATH 1613: Exam scores in Trigonometry
- MATH 1613: Assignment scores in Trigonometry (trigonometric functions, inverse trigonometric functions, and complex numbers)
- PHYS 1114: Exam scores in Physics I
- PHYS 1114: Unit lab report scores in Physics I

C. List the indirect measures (see appendix):

No indirect measures were used.



PART 7
Faculty Participation and Signatures

A. Provide the names and signatures of all full time and adjunct faculty who contributed to this report.

Faculty Name	Assessment Role	Signature
Dr. Ram Adhikari	Collected and analyzed trigonometry data; reviewed report.	

Dr. Min Soe	Collected and analyzed physics data; reviewed report.	
Dr. Sukhitha Vidurupola	Prepared and reviewed the report.	<i>Sukhitha Vidurupola</i>

B. Reviewed by:

Titles	Name	Signature	Date
Department Head	Dr. Jin Seo		5/22/24
Dean	Dr. Susan Willis		5-24-24

Appendix

Student Learning Outcome

Student learning outcomes are the observable or measurable results that are expected of a student following a learning experience. Learning outcomes may address knowledge, skills, attitudes, or values that provide evidence that learning has occurred. They can apply to a specific course, a program of study, or an institution. Outcomes should be worded in language that clearly implies a measurable behavior or quality of student work. Outcomes should also include Bloom's action verbs appropriate to the skill level of learning expected of students.

Examples:

Students will be able to apply principles of evidence-based medicine to determine clinical diagnoses and implement acceptable treatment modalities.

Students will be able to articulate cultural and socioeconomic differences and the significance of these differences for instructional planning.

Assessment Measure

An assessment measure is a tool or instrument used to gather evidence of student progress toward an established learning outcome. Every program learning outcome should have at least one appropriate assessment measure. Learning outcomes are frequently complex, however, and may require multiple measures to accurately assess student performance. Assessment plans should try to incorporate a combination of direct and indirect assessment measures. Direct provide concrete evidence of whether a student has command of a specific subject or content area, can perform a certain task, exhibits a particular skill, demonstrates a certain quality in their work, or holds a particular value. Because direct measures tap into actual student learning, it is often viewed as the preferred measure type. Indirect measures assess opinions or thoughts about the extent of a student’s knowledge, skills, or attitudes. They reveal characteristics associated with learning, but they only imply that learning has occurred. Both types of measures can provide useful insight into student learning and experiences in a program. Each also has unique advantages and disadvantages in terms of the type of data and information it can provide. Examples of common direct and indirect measures are listed below.

Direct Measures

- Comprehensive exams
- Class assignments
- Juried review of performances and exhibitions
- Internship or clinical evaluations
- Portfolio evaluation
- Pre/post exams
- Third-party exams such as field tests, certification exams, or licensure exams
- Senior thesis or capstone projects

Indirect Measures

- Graduate exit interviews
- Focus group responses
- Job placement statistics
- Graduate school placement statistics
- Graduation and retention rates
- Student and alumni surveys that assess perceptions of the program
- Employer surveys that assess perceptions of graduates
- Honors and awards earned by students and alumni.

Performance Standard

A performance standard is a clearly-defined benchmark that establishes the minimally-acceptable level of performance expected of students for a particular measure.

Examples:

At least 70% of students will score 70% or higher on a comprehensive final exam.

At least 75% of students will earn score a “Proficient” or higher rating on the Communicate Effectively rubric.

Sampling Method

Sampling method describes the methodology used for selecting the students that were assessed for a given measure. In some cases, such as most course-embedded measures, it is possible to assess all active enrolled students. In other cases, however, it is not feasible to measure the population of all potential students. In these cases, it is important that a well-designed sampling scheme be used to ensure the sample of students measured is an unbiased representation of the overall population. Where multiple instructors teach a particular course, care should be taken to assess students across all instructors, including adjuncts.

Examples:

All students enrolled in BIOL 4801 Biology Research Methods II

All majors graduating in the 2016-17 academic year.

Sample Size

Sample size is the number of students from which evidence of student learning was obtained for a given assessment measure.

Results

Results are an analytical summary of the findings arising from the assessment of student performance for a particular assessment measure. Typical presentation includes descriptive statistics (mean, median, range) and score frequency distributions.

Standard Met?

This is a simple yes/no response that indicates whether the observed level of student performance for a particular measure meets or exceeds the established standard. An N/A may be used where circumstances prevented the department from accurately assessing a measure.

Conclusion

The conclusion is a reflective summary and determination of the assessment results obtained for a specific learning outcome. Questions to consider in this section include the following:

- Does the assessment evidence indicate the learning outcome is being satisfactorily met?
- Where multiple measures are used for a single outcome, do the results present a consistent or contradictory pattern?
- What are the most valuable insights gained from the assessment results?
- What strengths and weaknesses in student learning do the results indicate?
- What implications are there for enhancing teaching and learning?
- How can the assessment process be improved?